



Al Ethics & Governance in India: TEC's Fairness Standard

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Technical arm/ attached office of DoT

Standards Setting Organization (SSO) for telecom & related ICT sector

Defacto sector specific National Standards Body (NSB)

Responsibility to implement Mandatory Testing & Certification of Telecom Equipment (MTCTE)

Voluntary testing and certification of telecom equipment and interfaces

Designated National Enquiry point for WTO –TBT (Technical Barrier to Trade) for telecom sector

Complaint resolution under PPP-MII for Telecom products and services

An ISO 9001:2015 certified organization



Formulation of Standards for telecom, broadcasting, and related ICT sector.

Ratification/ Adoption of international standards as National Standards.

Formulation of Technical Regulations i.e. Essential Requirements (ERs).

Contributes in the standardization process of international organizations - ITU, APT, IEEE,...

Nodal organisation for ITU-T.

Leads National Working Groups (NWGs) corresponding to the ITU-T Study Groups

TRAI designated agency for testing and certification of Conditional Access System and Subscriber Management System for Broadcasting sector



TEC's Standard on Al fairness



मानक सं: टीईसी 57050:2023

STANDARD No.: TEC 57050:2023

आर्टिफिशियल इंटेलिजेंस सिस्टम की निष्पक्षता मूल्यांकन और रेटिंग

Fairness Assessment and Rating of Artificial

Intelligence Systems



दूरसंचार अभियांत्रिकी केंद्र दूरसंचार विभाग, संचार मंत्रालय खुर्शीदलाल भवन, जनपथ, नई दिल्ली – ११०००१, भारत TELECOMMUNICATION ENGINEERING CENTRE DEPARTMENT OF TELECOMMUNCATIONS, MINISTRY OF COMMUNICATIONS KHURSHID LAL BHAWAN, JANPATH, NEW DELHI - 110001, INDIA www.tec.gov.in





AI and ML applications	In all domains	Telecom 5G/6G, Smart Cities, Smart Homes, Finance, Defence, Transport, Logistics, NLP
	Used by Governments, judiciary	For delivery of public services and e- governance.
Learn from	Training datasets	real-life or synthetic data
	Keep learning from their experience.	
Sources of _ biases	Imperfect training datasets	
	Algorithms used for learning and predictions	
	User interactions.	
Biases	Demographic attributes	Age, gender, marital status, race, caste, religion, nationality
	Other attributes	temperature, time, etc.









National Digital Communications Policy 2018 - enumerates the role of Dept. of Telecom in the field of AI:

2.2 Ensuring a holistic and harmonised approach for harnessing Emerging Technologies

- (a) Synergising deployment and adoption of new and emerging technologies by:
 - i. Creating a roadmap for emerging technologies and its use in the communications sector, such as 5G, Artificial Intelligence, Robotics, Internet of Things, Cloud Computing and M2M.
- (g) Leveraging Artificial Intelligence and Big Data in a synchronized and effective manner to enhance the overall quality of service, spectrum management, network security and reliability.

2.3 Research and Development

- (a) Promoting research & development in Digital Communication Technologies by:
 - iii. Creating a framework for testing and certification of new products and services





Niti Aayog - National Strategy for Artificial Intelligence

National Strategy for Artificial Intelligence #AlforAll, June 2018.

- Focuses on how India can leverage the transformative technologies to ensure social and inclusive growth in line with the development philosophy of the government.
- India's approach to implementation of AI has to be guided by optimisation of social goods, rather than maximisation of topline growth.
- Underlines the importance of a trusted ecosystem for accelerated adoption of the technology.

Approach Document for India Part 1 – Principles for Responsible AI, February 2021

- This approach paper aims to establish broad ethics principles for design, development and deployment of AI in India
- An essential roadmap for the Al ecosystem, encouraging adoption of Al in a responsible manner in India and building public trust in the use of this technology, placing the idea of 'Al for All' at its very core.

Approach Document for India: Part 2 -Operationalizing Principles for Responsible AI, August 2021

- This paper identifies a series of actions that the ecosystem must adopt to drive responsible AI.
- These actions are divided among three stakeholders; governments, the private sector and research institutions.

designing ideal regulatory and policy interventions, creating awareness, accessibility and capacity building, and facilitating

precise procurement

strategies.

For the government –

For the private sector and research institutions – incentivising ethics by design, creating frameworks for compliance with relevant AI standards and guidelines, and the promotion of Responsible

Al practices in research.





- Fill the gap regarding fairness assessment of AI systems

- Facilitate startups & MSMEs
- Implement the mandate of NDCP-2018
- Complement NITI Aayog's National Strategy for AI

Framing a Standard for assessing and rating AI Systems for fairness Assessing data-driven AI Systems for fairness/ bias on voluntary basis Issuing fairness rating/ certification as a benchmark of fairness









Salient features of the TEC Standard



The standard aims to help Al developers determine system fairness scores via self-assessment or third-party audit.

The standard adopts well-prescribed approaches in the fairness community, including process and risk reviews.

The standard recognizes the need to examine fairness in the Indian context differently from the broader approaches adopted in other countries.

The standard takes a risk-based approach to examining the potential sources of bias in the context of an AI system.







Source: Standard for Fairness Assessment and Rating of Artificial Intelligence Systems, Telecommunication Engineering Centre, DoT, India. July 2023 <u>https://tec.gov.in/ai-fairness</u>

Assessing Bias Risk

The standard defines a risk spectrum to cover risks contributed by AI system components, types of data, and types of models through a self-assessment questionnaire.

Assessing risk helps to identify potential sources of bias in the AI system.

Determining Thresholds

These thresholds help to identify whether the AI system is unfairly biased.

The standard guides developers on determining thresholds or benchmarks for bias testing.

Conducting Bias Testing

These techniques help to identify and mitigate bias in the AI system.

The standard provides a set of techniques for conducting bias testing, including reviewing processes, examining metrics, and exploring scenarios.



The next steps



Develop tools for fairness evaluation - Libraries, software development kits (SDKs), APIs

Assume role of fairness auditors – IIT/IIIT labs designated by TEC

Collaborate with TEC

Partner to extend the standard to other data modalities like text, image, speech, etc. and other kinds of ML models.

Include AI fairness and need for standards in curriculum





Thank You !